Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
1 a	a fast moving electron (1)	1	if answer line blank allow correct answer circled or underlined
			more than one answer = 0 marks
b		1	both ticks required
	mass number is unchanged		more than two ticks = 0 marks
	nucleus has one more neutron		
	nucleus has one more proton		
	atomic number decreases by one		
c i	→ Np + He	2	any two or three numbers correct = 1 mark
	(2)		

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
ii	any two from	2	Ignore references to alpha detector Ignore merely particles 'hit'
	alpha particles cause the air inside the smoke detector to ionise (1)		
	idea that smoke particles absorb / stop (some alpha) radiation (1)		But alpha particles absorbed or stopped by smoke particles so less ionisation of air particles (2)
	less ionisation (of air) with smoke [1]		
	current is reduced (causing alarm to sound) (1)		
	Total	6	

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
2 a	1.9(333) (g/cm ³)	1	
b	2.7 (g) [2] BUT if answer is incorrect then 0.9 x 3 scores [1]	2	
С	Mark explanation only B is heaviest [0] Unknown liquid is denser than water [1] Unknown liquid is denser than oil [1] and is liquid X [1]	3	If answer is A then it is still possible to gain up to 2 marks If no clear reference to density of water or oil is made then allow unknown liquid is heavier than oil / water [1]
d i	Oil (linear) reduction in density with increasing temperature / ORA [1]	1	
ii	Water density rises up to 5° and then falls (non-linearly) as temperature increases AW [1]	1	Eg. water's maximum density is at 5°C [1] Allow 3°C - 6°C tolerance
d iii	Any two from: Ice (at 0°C) is less dense (than water at 0°C) [1]	2	

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
	Density of water increases up to 5°C [1]		
	(Idea that) water warmer as depth increases [1]		e.g. 'warmest water at the bottom ' scores [1]
	Total	10	